

History Knowledge Organiser

Earth and Space, the Final Frontier

Year 6

Our learning

In our history lessons this term we are learning about the Space Race. We will be considering the key dates that changed how humans explored space and how the **leadership** of countries at the time viewed the development of space travel. Through our learning we will consider the **causes** of the space race each countries involvement.

We will also consider the **consequences** of this period in history in areas such as science and maths as well as the impact on the wider world.



Nikita Khrushchev & John F. Kennedy



Yuri Gagarin & Neil Armstrong

3000BC

Ancient Egyptian

2000BC

Ancient Mayans

1000BC

Ancient Greeks

0

Stone Age

Iron Age

Romans in Britain

Anglo-Saxons and Vikings

Normans

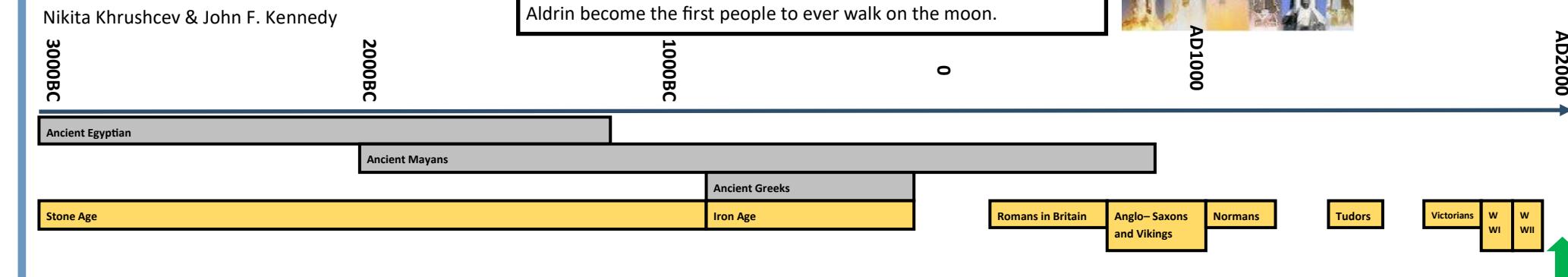
Tudors

Victorians

W

W

II



Information

USA and USSR were involved in the 'Cold War' between 1946-1991. This 'war' did not involve battles but meant that the two countries competed with each other in areas such as technology, weapons, space travel and spying.

Lots of animals were sent into space from 1948 including a dog and 32 monkeys

USSR sending Sputnik 1 into orbit over the USA in 1957.

Nikita Khrushchev was the leader of the USSR from 1953 and John F. Kennedy was president of the USA from 1961

The first woman in space was from the USSR and she made the world's only solo female mission to space in 1963.

Vocabulary

Superpower—a dominant country

Astronaut—a person who is trained to travel in a spacecraft

Cosmonaut—a Russian astronaut

Orbit—a curved path of space travel

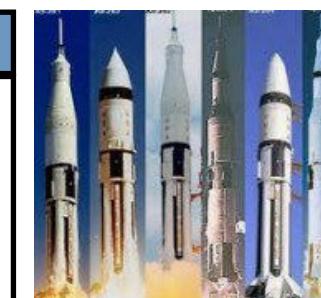
USSR—Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

USA—United States of America

Satellite—A manmade object launched into orbit

Causation—the action of causing something

President—elected head of a government



Sputnik