



City Academy Whitehawk

Calculation Policy

January 2018

CAW Calculation Policy

Aims

The national curriculum for mathematics aims to ensure that all pupils:

become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, through varied and frequent practice with increasingly complex problems over time, So that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately

reason mathematically following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language

can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.

The purpose of the CAW Calculation Policy is to share with our community how we aim for our children to achieve fluency in the four operations.

CAW Addition Facts

Our aim is for children to be able to recall all single digit addition facts as quickly as they can tell you their name.

They should also be able to recall their 2, 5 and 10 times tables.

+	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

CAW Multiplication Facts

By the end of Year 4 your child is expected to know their times tables. These multiplication facts should be hardwired just like the addition facts.

×	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144



At City Academy Whitehawk, we are in our Mathematics Mastery Launch Year. Our Early Years and Year 1 cohorts are committed to the Mathematics Mastery principles and adhere to the Mathematics Mastery Progression in Calculations Policy. This will be made available on our school's website.



I can add 2 digit numbers to 2 digit numbers without exchanging.

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ + 43 \\ \hline 79 \end{array}$$

$$23 + 46$$



$$60 + 9 = 69$$

I can mentally add 2 digit numbers without exchanging

Fact Families

110	
30	80

$$80 + 30 = 110$$

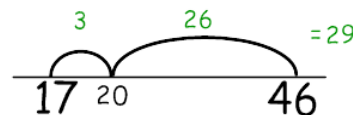
$$30 + 80 = 110$$

$$110 - 30 = 80$$

$$110 - 80 = 30$$

I can subtract from a 2 digit number using two 'jumps' (the first jump must be to the next 'ten')

$$46 - 17 = 29$$

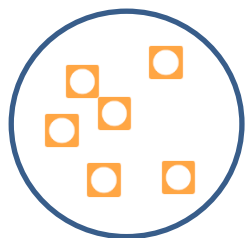


I can take away 2 digit numbers from 2 digit numbers without exchanging.

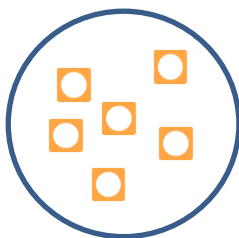
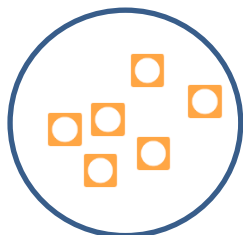
$$\begin{array}{r} 79 \\ - 36 \\ \hline 43 \end{array}$$



I can solve 1 digit by 1 digit multiplications (2, 3, 4 and 5 times tables)



$$3 \times 6$$



$$3 \text{ lots of } 6 / 3 \times 6 / 6 + 6 + 6 = 18$$



I can instantly recall the 2, 5 and 10 times table

I can use table facts to find a division fact with remainders.

$$17 \div 5$$

5, 10, 15... That's three lots of 5.
How many are left?
16, 17... That's 2.
Three lots of 5 and 2 left over.

$$17 \div 5 = 3 \text{ r } 2$$





$$\begin{array}{r} 537 \\ + 383 \\ \hline 920 \\ \text{1 1} \end{array}$$

I can add 3 digit numbers to 3 digit numbers with exchanging.

I can solve 1 digit by 2 digit multiplications (2, 3, 4 and 5 times tables)

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 175 \\ \text{2} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 15 \quad 1 \\ \cancel{7} \quad \cancel{6} \quad 5 \\ - 386 \\ \hline 379 \end{array}$$

I can take away 3 digit numbers from 3 digit numbers with or without exchanging.

I can solve a 2d ÷ 1d (using x2, 3, 4, 5) with no remainders inside the question

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ 3 \overline{)69} \\ \hline 69 \div 3 = 23 \end{array}$$



Fact Families

100	
37	63

$37 + 63 = 100$
 $63 + 37 = 100$
 $100 - 37 = 63$
 $100 - 63 = 37$



Fact Families

210					
30	30	30	30	30	30

$7 \times 30 = 210$
 $30 \times 7 = 210$
 $120 \div 7 = 30$
 $120 \div 30 = 7$



$$\begin{array}{c} 623 + 146 \\ \hline 700 + 60 + 9 = 769 \end{array}$$

Fact Families

100	
37	63

$$\begin{aligned} 37 + 63 &= 100 \\ 63 + 37 &= 100 \\ 100 - 37 &= 63 \\ 100 - 63 &= 37 \end{aligned}$$

Can I make a sensible adjustment?

Eg. to subtract nine it is more efficient to subtract ten and add one to my answer.

Hold the bigger number.
Subtract the hundreds,
subtract the tens,
subtract the ones.

I can mentally add 3 digit numbers without exchanging.

I can solve any 1 digit by 2 digit multiplications

$$\begin{array}{r|l} \times & 20 \quad 3 \\ \hline 4 & 80 \quad 12 \\ \hline 4 \times 23 &= 80 + 12 \\ 80 + 12 &= 92 \end{array}$$



I can subtract from 3 digit numbers

I can use table facts to find a division fact with or without remainders

$$68 \div 5$$

"50! 18 remain.
15! 3 remain.
10 lots, 3 lots. 3 remaining.
 $68 \div 5 = 13$ remainder 3."

Fact Families

210					
30	30	30	30	30	30

$$\begin{aligned} 7 \times 30 &= 210 \\ 30 \times 7 &= 210 \\ 120 \div 7 &= 30 \\ 120 \div 30 &= 7 \end{aligned}$$





$$\begin{array}{r} 7,453 \\ + 2,175 \\ \hline 9,628 \end{array}$$

1

I can add 4 digit numbers to 4 digit numbers with exchanging.

I can solve any 3 digit by 1 digit multiplication

$$\begin{array}{r} 374 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 2,244 \end{array}$$

2 4 2



Fact Families

100	
37	63

$37 + 63 = 100$
 $63 + 37 = 100$
 $100 - 37 = 63$
 $100 - 63 = 37$



$$\begin{array}{r} 7,453 \\ - 3,464 \\ \hline 3,989 \end{array}$$

I can subtract from 4 digit numbers without exchanging.

I can solve any $4d \div 1d$ with remainders within the question but not the answer

$$\begin{array}{r} 0321 \\ 7 \overline{) 2,247} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$2,247 \div 7 = 321$

Fact Families

210						
30	30	30	30	30	30	30

$7 \times 30 = 210$
 $30 \times 7 = 210$
 $120 \div 7 = 30$
 $120 \div 30 = 7$





$$688 + 345$$



$$900 + 120 + 13 = 1,033$$

Also as money... eg.
£6.88 + £3.45 =
£10.33

I can mentally add 3 digit numbers with exchanging.

I can solve 1 digit by 2 digit multiplications
(2, 3, 4 and 5 times tables)

$$\begin{array}{r|l} \times & 80 & 6 \\ 7 & 560 & 42 \end{array}$$

$$7 \times 86 = 560 + 42$$

$$560 + 42 = 602$$



Fact Families

100	
37	63

$$37 + 63 = 100$$

$$63 + 37 = 100$$

$$100 - 37 = 63$$

$$100 - 63 = 37$$

Can I make a sensible adjustment?

Eg. to subtract nine it is more efficient to subtract ten and add one to my answer.

Hold the bigger number.
Subtract the hundreds,
subtract the tens,
subtract the ones.

I can subtract **any** 2 digit number from
3 digit numbers

I can combine 2 or more Tables Facts **from any**
time table to solve division with remainders



Fact Families

210						
30	30	30	30	30	30	30

$$7 \times 30 = 210$$

$$30 \times 7 = 210$$

$$120 \div 7 = 30$$

$$120 \div 30 = 7$$

$$92 \div 7$$

"70! 22 remain.
21! 1 remains.
10 lots, 3 lots. 1 remaining.
 $92 \div 7 = 13$ remainder 1."





$$\begin{array}{r} 12583 \\ + 45621 \\ \hline 58204 \end{array}$$

1 1

Fact Families

1.1	
0.4	0.7

$0.4 + 0.7 = 1.1$
 $0.7 + 0.4 = 1.1$
 $1.1 - 0.4 = 0.7$
 $1.1 - 0.7 = 0.4$



$$\begin{array}{r} 34285 \\ - 13674 \\ \hline 29171 \end{array}$$

I can add 5 digit numbers to 5 digit numbers with exchanging.

I can subtract from 5 digit numbers with and without exchanging.

I can solve 1 digit by 4 digit multiplications

I can solve any $4d \div 1d$ with remainders



$$\begin{array}{r} 8324 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 49944 \end{array}$$

1 1 2

$$\begin{array}{r} 1201 \text{ r}3 \\ 6 \overline{) 7209} \\ \underline{6} \\ 12 \\ \underline{12} \\ 09 \\ \underline{06} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

$7,209 \div 6 = 1,201 \text{ r}3$

Fact Families

1.2			
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

$4 \times 0.3 = 1.2$
 $0.3 \times 4 = 1.2$
 $1.2 \div 4 = 0.3$
 $1.2 \div 0.3 = 4$





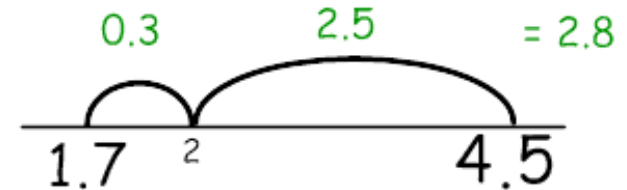
$$\begin{array}{r} 3.85 + 8.67 \\ \hline 12.52 \end{array}$$

Fact Families

	1.1	
0.4		0.7

$$\begin{aligned} 0.4 + 0.7 &= 1.1 \\ 0.7 + 0.4 &= 1.1 \\ 1.1 - 0.4 &= 0.7 \\ 1.1 - 0.7 &= 0.4 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.5 - 1.7$$



I can solve any addition with larger numbers and with numbers with 2 decimal places

I can use jottings to solve 2 digit by 2 digit multiplications

\times	60	9
30	1,800	270
8	480	72



I can subtract larger numbers and numbers with 1 decimal place using two sensible 'jumps'

I can use table facts to find a division fact with or without remainders

\times	14
1	14
2	28
5	70
10	140
20	280

$$156 \div 14$$

Where does 156 come in?

After '10x14'

Enough left for any more 14s?

Yes, 1 more lot of 14 with 2 left over.

10 lots add 1 lot with 2 remaining.

$$156 \div 14 = 11r2$$

Fact Families

	1.2	
0.3	0.3	0.3

$$\begin{aligned} 4 \times 0.3 &= 1.2 \\ 0.3 \times 4 &= 1.2 \\ 1.2 \div 4 &= 0.3 \\ 1.2 \div 0.3 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

72 ÷ 8 = 9
Know the inverse of all multiplication facts





$$\begin{array}{r} \\ + \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Fact Families

5.4	
2.5	2.9

$2.5 + 2.9 = 5.4$
 $2.9 + 2.5 = 5.4$
 $5.4 - 2.5 = 2.9$
 $5.4 - 2.9 = 2.5$



$$\begin{array}{r} \\ - \\ \hline \end{array}$$

I can add numbers with mixed decimal places

I can subtract from numbers with 3 decimal places with and without exchanging.



I can solve 2 digit by 4 digit multiplications

I can solve any $4d \div 1d$ with remainders

$$\begin{array}{r} \\ \times \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \times 14 \\ 1 4 \\ 2 8 \\ 5 70 \\ 10 140 \\ 20 280 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 725 \div 14 \\ 052r1 \\ 14 \overline{) 729} \\ - 70 \\ \hline 029 \\ - 28 \\ \hline 01 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1,201.5 \\ 6 \overline{) 7,209.0} \\ 7,209 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

Fact Families

1.2			
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

$4 \times 0.3 = 1.2$
 $0.3 \times 4 = 1.2$
 $1.2 \div 4 = 0.3$
 $1.2 \div 0.3 = 4$





$$\begin{array}{r} 3.85 + 8.67 \\ \hline 12.52 \end{array}$$

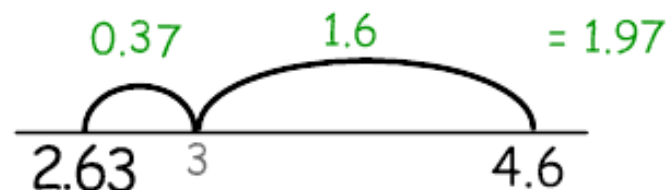
Diagram showing the addition of 3.85 and 8.67. The numbers are aligned by their decimal points. The sum is 12.52. The diagram uses color-coded lines to show the addition of each digit: 3 + 8 = 11, 8 + 6 = 14, and 5 + 7 = 12.

Fact Families

5.4	
2.5	2.9

$$\begin{aligned} 2.5 + 2.9 &= 5.4 \\ 2.9 + 2.5 &= 5.4 \\ 5.4 - 2.5 &= 2.9 \\ 5.4 - 2.9 &= 2.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.6 - 2.63$$



I can solve any addition with larger numbers and with numbers with 2 decimal places

I can subtract larger numbers and numbers with 1 decimal place using two sensible 'jumps'

I can use jottings to solve multiplications with decimal places

x	7	0.6	0.03
4	28	2.4	0.12

$$4 \times 7.63 = 30.52$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26.52 \\ \times 14 \\ \hline 106.08 \\ + 265.20 \\ \hline 371.28 \end{array}$$



Fact Families

1.2			
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

$$\begin{aligned} 4 \times 0.3 &= 1.2 \\ 0.3 \times 4 &= 1.2 \\ 1.2 \div 4 &= 0.3 \\ 1.2 \div 0.3 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$



I can apply table facts to find a division fact
 $2.4 \div 8 = 0.3$

x	14
1	14
2	28
5	70
10	140
20	280

$$156 \div 14$$

Where does 156 come in?

After '10x14'

Enough left for any more 14s?

Yes, 1 more lot of 14 with 2 left over.

10 lots add 1 lot with 2 remaining.

$$156 \div 14 = 11r2$$

